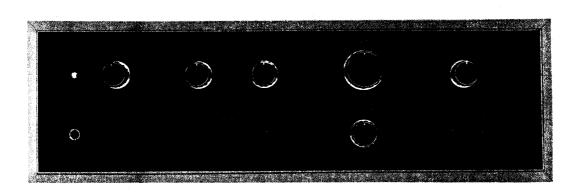
# OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS & SERVICE MANUAL

AM/FM STEREO AMPLIFIER

# SANSUI AU-6500



Sansui

SANSUI ELECTRIC CO., LTD.

We are grateful for your choice of the AU-6500 Integrated Amplifier.

For over a quarter of a century, Sansui has been building hi-fi audio equipment, and nothing else. Our mission is very old and at once ever new to us: to bring the reproduced sound closer and closer to the original.

The AU-6500 now in your hands is one answer from us to this never-ending quest. It is a product of the cream of sophisticated modern audio-electronics knowhow, coupled with our long experience, and as such, we present it to you with our full confidence.

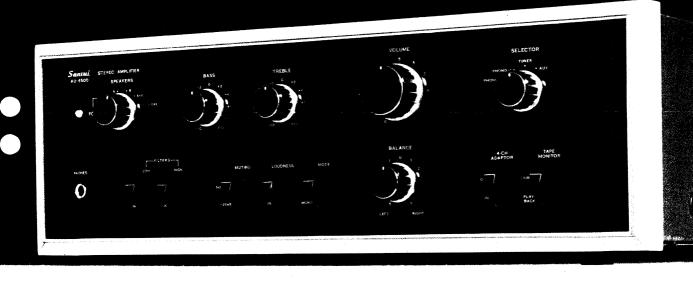
The AU-6500 is a new breed of Sansui's AU series integrated amplifiers. Its tone quality has been polished and perfected through an unprecedented number of listening tests in different acoustic environments. We feel certain that you will like it, but you will find this out as soon as you play your first record through it.

This manual has been prepared to guide you in operating and caring for the amplifier correctly, so that you will get the most out of its built-in high performance and exceptional versatility.

May we suggest that you read it once carefully?

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### **SWITCHES AND CONTROLS**

#### Power Indicator -

Lights when you turn on the Power/Speakers Switch, and remains lit until you turn off the switch.

#### Power/Speakers Switch -

Controls both the power supply and selection of speaker systems.

**POWER OFF:** Cuts off power supply for the amplifier.

A: Turns on power supply and energizes the speaker systems connected to SYSTEM-A speaker terminals on the rear.

Because of the built-in amplifier/speaker protection circuit, sound will come out with a delay of a few seconds.

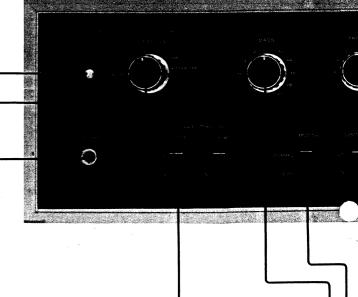
**B:** Energizes speaker systems connected to SYSTEM-B speaker terminals.

**A+B:** Energizes both A and B pairs of speaker systems.

**SPKR OFF:** Cuts off the sound from all speaker systems to permit private listening with headphones connected to the Headphone Jack.

#### Headphone Jack -

Plug stereo headphones into this jack for private listening or monitoring, but be sure to turn the Power/Speakers Switch to SPKR OFF first unless someone is listening to the sound from speaker systems in another room. The jack will accept any standard stereo phone plug, but for best tone quality, we recommend a dynamic type such as the Sansui SS-20 or SS-10.



#### Filters -

Low: Push down to IN to eliminate low-frequency noise such as the rumbling of your turntable motor. If no such noise is present, be sure to keep it off.

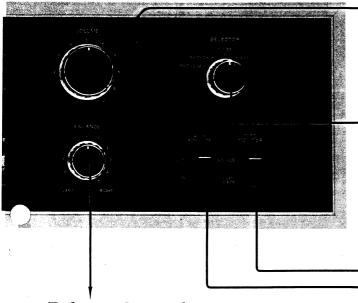
High: Push down to IN to eliminate high-frequency noise such as the surface noise from a worn record or as the fluorescent lamp noise mixed in radio broadcasts.

#### Tone Controls -

Let you tailor the tone quality of reproduced sound to your taste by adjusting the amplifier's frequency response curve. The Bass Control is for adjusting the loudness of bass notes as may be produced by a bass, and the Treble one for adjusting that of treble notes as may be produced by cymbals.

#### Muting Switch -

Reduces the sound volume by 20dB at once without the use of the Volume Control. Most convenient to lower the sound volume temporarily when the telephone rings, to avoid the noise of the pickup stylus descending on a record, etc.



#### **Balance Control**

Push down the Mode Switch to MONO once and adjust this control for equal sound volume from the left and right speaker systems, then return the switch to STEREO. If there is a large difference in the sound volumes from the two speaker systems even with this control set near the center, it may be because the left and right output signal levels from the program source component (turntable, tuner, tape deck, etc.) are different. Check the component once.

#### Mode Switch

The STEREO position is normal. If you connect a monophonic signal to either left or right input terminal, it is heard from both speaker systems by pushing down to MONO.

#### Loudness Switch

If desired, push down to IN to emphasize the highs and lows when listening at low volume levels. This is because the mechanism of human hearing is such that the high and low notes seem greatly enfeebled at low listening levels.

#### Volume Control

#### Selector Control

Turn to an appropriate position to hear the desired program source.

PHONO-2, PHONO-1: To play records on a turntable connected to the PHONO 2 or 1 terminals on the rear.

TUNER: To hear a radio broadcast from a tuner connected to the TUNER terminals on the rear.

AUX: To reproduce whatever program source is connected to the AUX terminals on the rear. (Connect a turntable with a crystal or ceramic cartridge, the audio outputs of a television, the playback outputs of a tape recorder, etc. to the AUX terminals.)

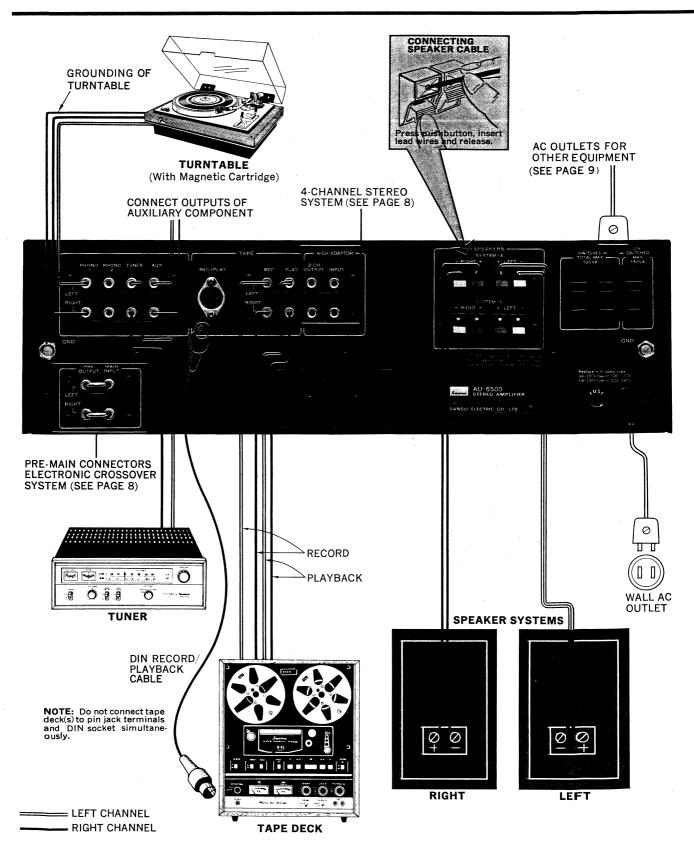
#### Tape Monitor Switch

Push down to PLAYBACK to reproduce a recorded tape or monitor a recording as you make it on a tape deck connected to the amplifier (monitoring is possible only if the tape deck is equipped with separate recording and playback heads). Otherwise, be sure to keep it at SOURCE.

#### 4-Channel Adaptor Switch

If you connect a 4-channel adaptor to the AU-6500 and make other necessary connections, you can upgrade this 2-channel stereo amplifier to hear 4-channel stereo sound by pushing this switch down to IN. (refer to page 8). Otherwise, be sure to keep it off.

### SETTING UP YOUR AU-6500/OPERATING PROCEDURE



#### Connecting Speaker Systems

If you are connecting only one pair of speaker systems to the AU-6500, they may have any impedance from 4 to 16 ohms. Connect them to the SYSTEM-A or -B terminals on the rear, making sure not to confuse the left and right cables, plus and minus leads on the amplifier and speaker ends. But if you wish to connect two pairs of speaker systems and drive them simultaneously by turning the Power/Speakers Switch to A+B, each speaker system should have impedance of 8 to 16 ohms. Using a system with lower impedance could result in a breakdown of the amplifier.

#### Connecting a Turntable

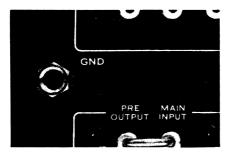
Connect it to the PHONO 1 or 2 terminals on the rear. Fot best results, use a turntable with a magnetic pickup cartridge.

#### Connecting a Tuner

Connect the output terminals of a tuner to the TUNER input terminals on the amplifier's rear panel.

#### Connecting Grounding

Be sure to connect the grounding terminal (or lead) of the turntable and tuner to the grounding terminal of the amplifier. It may suppress the hum noise which may otherwise occur.



#### Operating Procedure

- 1. Set the Selector Control to the desired program source.
- **2.** Set the 4-Channel Adaptor Switch to OUT and the Tape Monitor Switch to SOURCE, unless you want to use them.
- **3.** Set the Power/Speakers Switch to as required.
- **4.** Start the program source component and play the program source.
- **5.** Use the amplifier's other controls and switches to suit your taste or room acoustics.

Note: To play a monophonic record on a stereo turntable, follow the same procedure as for playing a stereo record. Better results are normally obtained.

### RECORDING AND PLAYBACK BY TAPE DECKS

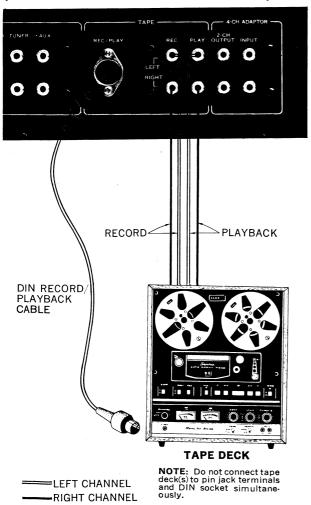
#### Connecting a Tape Deck

Connect the input terminals of a tape deck to TAPE REC terminals of the amplifier, and its output terminals to the PLAY terminals.

The DIN socket can be used only if your tape deck is equipped with a similar socket. It is manufactured according to the German industrial standard to permit tape recording and playback from a single cable with a special 5-pin plug on each end.

Should you wish to connect more than two tape decks, you may connect it to the 4-CH ADAPTOR terminals. The 2-CH OUTPUT terminals have the same electrical function as the REC terminals, while the INPUT terminals are equivalent to the PLAY terminals.

**Note:** Do not connect the tape deck(s) to the pin jack terminals and DIN socket simultaneously.



# Recording & Playback Procedure Recording

- **1.** Set the Selector Control to the program source you wish to record.
- **2.** Adjust the recording volume control of the tape deck to preset the recording level.
- **3.** Start the tape deck in the recording mode.
- **4.** To monitor the recording as you make it, push down the Tape Monitor Switch to PLAYBACK. Be sure to set the monitor switch of the tape deck to the playback mode as well.

#### Playback

- 1. Set the Tape Monitor Switch to PLAYBACK.
- 2. Start the tape deck in the playback mode.
- **3.** Use the amplifier's other switches and controls to suit your taste or room acoustics.

# Procedure for Copying a Recorded Tape

- ♦ If you want to copy a recorded tape, connect one tape deck for playback to the TAPE terminals, the other for recording to the 4-CH ADAPTOR terminals
- ♦ By operating the 4-Channel Adaptor Switch, you can monitor the recording as you copy it from one tape deck to the other. To monitor the recording before it is copied, keep the 4-Channel Adaptor Switch at OUT. To monitor the recording after it is copied, push down to IN.

#### Notes about Recording

- 1. Monitoring of recorded sound is possible only if the recording tape deck is equipped with separate heads for recording and playback. Otherwise, set the Tape Monitor Switch to SOURCE and listen to the original input sound before it is recorded.
- **2.** The various switches and controls on the AU-6500 do not affect the sound recorded into the tape deck. They only adjust the sound from the speaker systems or headphones.

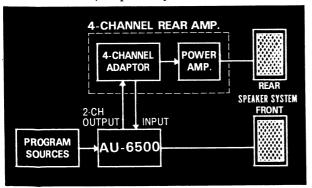
### **UPGRADING YOUR STEREO**

#### 4-Channel Stereo System

The sound we hear daily is a mixture of the sound that reaches our ears straight from the sound source—be it a musical instrument, a jet, a man's mouth or what have you—and the 'indirect sounds' that arrive at our ears only after they are reflected off various surfaces, such as the walls, ceiling and so forth. Four-channel recordings are made using two microphones in the front of the concert hall and two in the rear (to simplify the explanation). The 'indirect sounds' with their complicated waveforms are mainly picked up by the two microphones in the rear, and reproduced out of the two rear speakers in a 4-channel stereo set-up for greatly enhanced 'ambience' effects. The effect is almost as if the original live performance were re-played right in your own room.

This new approach can now be yours simply by adding certain equipment—mainly, a Sansui 4-channel rear amplifier with its unique QS (RM) synthesizer decoder matrix (patents pending), and a second pair of speaker systems—to your 2-channel stereo system. Connection of such a rear amplifier or 4-channel adaptor is easy. Just connect the 4-CH ADAPTOR 2-CH OUTPUT terminals of the ÅU-6500 with the input terminals of such rear amplifier or 4-channel adaptor, then connect its 4-CH ADAPTOR INPUT terminals with the output terminals of such unit.

To operate the rear amplifier or 4-channel adaptor so connected, push the 4-Channel Adaptor Switch on the amplifier's front panel, and otherwise follow its manufacturer's instructions. Electrically, the 4-CH ADAPTOR 2-CH OUTPUT and INPUT terminals possess the some functions as the TAPE REC and MON terminals, respectively.



#### Electronic Crossover system

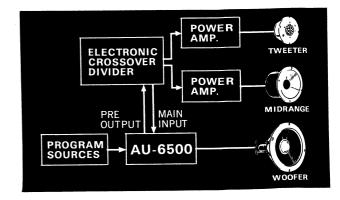
The electronic crossover system affords these advantages:

- 1. It enables the tweeters, midranges and woofers to be driven by separate power amplifiers. So you can make optimum use of speakers of different impedances and efficiencies, as well as power amplifiers of different output capacities and tone qualities.
- 2. It eliminates the need for the conventional LC type crossover network. With the electronic crossover divider, the amplifier's damping factor is no longer affected and you can set crossover frequencies as you like.

# Electronic Crossover System Using the AU-6500

The preamplifier and power amplifier sections of the AU-6500 can be disconnected for independent usage, the latter section being available for driving a separate speaker in an electronic crossover system. To build such a system, you will need two- or three-way speaker systems and an electronic crossover divider, along with at least one or two additional power amplifiers.

Connection is not all that difficult. First remove the Pre-Main Connectors uniting the amplifier's pre-amplifier outputs and main (power) amplifier inputs. Then just connect the PRE OUTPUT to the input terminals of the electronic crossover divider, which divides the input signals into high, medium and low range(s). Finally, couple the separate output terminals of the electronic crossover divider to the amplifier's MAIN INPUT and the additional power amplifier(s), feeding their outputs separately into individual speakers, as illustrated below.

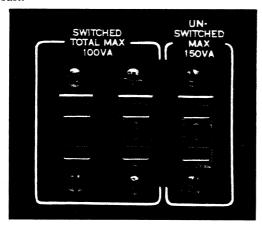


## SIMPLE MAINTENANCE HINTS / ACCESSORY LIST

#### Rear-Panel AC Outlets

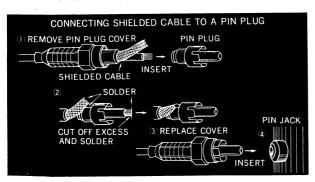
Of the three AC outlets provided on the rear panel, the ones marked 'SWITCHED' are controlled by the front-panel Power/Speakers Switch. The third one, marked 'UNSWITCHED,' is always 'live' and independent of the Power/Speakers Switch. The voltage delivered at these AC outlets is the same as the power supply voltage used.

The two 'SWITCHED' outlets have a total power capacity of 100 VA, while the UNSWITCHED one 150VA. Before you connect any appliance to them, be sure that it is adjusted for use at the same power supply voltage, and that its power consumption is not beyond these figures. Otherwise, serious danger could result.



#### Make Proper Connections

Connect the loadwires of speaker cables properly. If they are loose or touch other parts, the amplifier may produce noise and eventually break down. Also, before connecting a turntable, tuner and/or tape deck, be sure to read their manufacturers' instructions.



#### Speaker Impedance

Do not ever connect two pairs of speaker systems with impedance of less than 8 ohms each. Doing so will reduce the composite speaker impedance in each channel to less than 4 ohms, and may cause the quick-acting fuses to blow or result in a more serious breakdowns over a long period of time.

#### Phasing of Speakers

Listen to any monophonic reproduction. If the speaker systems are correctly phased, the sound will seem to come from a point midway between the left and right speaker systems. If the sound is not directly in front of you, however, the speaker systems are out of phase. If you notice this condition, check the speaker connections once. To correct the condition, switch the amplifier off and reverse the connection of plus and minus leadwires of one speaker cable. Also, be careful not to connect a single speaker system between the SYSTEM-A and SYSTEM-B terminals by mistake.

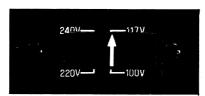
#### Howling and Hum

Take care never to place a turntable on or too near a speaker system, or the vibration produced by the speaker system is transmitted and causes an oscillating phenomenon called howling. It is best to keep these components completely separated, but if this is impossible, place a thick cushion between them. Humming, in contrast, is a phenomenon caused by incomplete or incorrect turntable-amplifier connections. Should this occcur, check to see if all connections are completely made and if the connecting cables are sufficiently thick. Hum noise may sometimes be eliminated by connecting the grounding lead of the turntable to the GND terminal on the amplifier's rear.

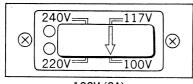
#### Voltage Adjustment

Your AU-6500 is adjusted to operate at the correct power supply voltage of your area prior to shipment from our factory. If you move after purchasing it or send it as a gift to a friend living in an area where the voltage is different, it may be necessary to adjust its Voltage Selector. To adjust it, remove the two screws securing the name plate on the rear, then set the arrow mark on the Voltage Selector Plug to the correct voltage indication (100, 117, 220, or 240 volts).

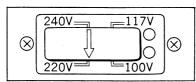
Also, it may by necessary to replace the power fuse as will whenever the voltage has changed. For operation at 100—117 volts, use a 3-ampere fuse. For operation at 220—240 volts, use a 2-ampere one.



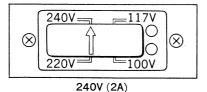
117V (POWER FUSE 3A)



100V (3A)



220V (2A)



#### Heat Radiated inside the Amplifier

The bonnet of the AU-6500 is designed so that any heat radiated inside will effectively escape through it. Proper care should therefore be taken of the dissipation of such heat if you wish to place something on top of the amplifier or place it inside a closed box, etc. Above all, avoid placing it where it may be exposed to the direct sunlight.

It is prohibited, however, to remove the amplifier's bonnet or bottom plate to improve the ventilation.

#### Accessory List

| 1. | OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS AND SERVICE MANUAL | 1 |
|----|---|---|
| 2. | OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS SHEET              | 1 |
| 3. | PIN PLUGS                                 | 4 |
| 4. | BUTTERFLY BOLTS                           | 2 |
| 5. | WASHERS                                   | 2 |
| 6. | POLISHING CLOTH                           | 1 |
| 7. | OUICK-ACTING FUSES (3A)                   | 2 |

### QUICK CHECK LIST OF SIMPLE MISTAKES

Some of the troubles which seem to result from a malfunction of the amplifier are caused by wrong operation and the negligence of simple maintenance, and can be quickly corrected by making a simple investigation and providing simple cures. To make sure you haven't made any of these mistakes, go over the following check list once.

#### Connections

- **1.** Have you connected the power cord to a wall AC outlet?
- **2.** Are the connecting cables for the turntable and tape deck not loose?
- **3.** Are the speaker cables not loose from amplifier's jacks or the speaker systems?
- **4.** Do your speaker systems have impedance of 8 ohms more? (They must, if you want to drive two pairs at one time.)
- **5.** Have the power fuse or quick-acting fuses not blown?

#### Operating Procedure

- **1.** Have you turned on the Power/Speakers Switch?
- **2.** Is the Tape Monitor Switch not set to PLAY-BACK position, though you don't want to reproduce a tape?
- **3.** Is the Selector Control set to the correct position?
- **4.** Is the Power/Speakers Switch set to the correct position?
- **5.** Is the 4-Channel Adaptor Switch not pushed down, though you are not using a 4-channel rear amplifier or adaptor?

If, even after these examinations, the amplifier does not return to normal, it may be faulty. Contact the Sansui dealer from whom you purchased the amplifier or your nearest Sansui Authorized Service Station. Do not attempt opening the bonnet for yourself. Such repair must be left to a qualified serviceman.

#### Should the Power Fuse Blow

If no Power Indicator should glow and the amplifier simply remains dead even after you have turned on its power fuse has blown. If this happens, disconnect the power cord from the wall AC outlet at once and examine the power fuse on the rear panel. If you find it blown, replace it with a new glasstubed fuse of the rated capacity (3-ampere for 100 to 117 volts, 2-ampere for 220 to 240 volts). Never use a fuse of a different capacity or a piece of wire, even as a stop-gap measure, or serious danger could result.



#### Quick-Acting Fuses

The AU-6500 is doubly protected with a relayequipped protection circuit and four quick-acting fuses. If no sound or distorted sound is heard from either or both speaker systems, switch off the amplifier, disconnect the power cord from the wall AC outlet, remove the cover on the rear panel concealing the quick-acting fuses and examine them. If you find any of them blown, find and eliminate the cause of the blowout, then replace it with a new glass-tubed quick-acting fuse supplied.

If the relay-equipped protection circuit ever goes to work, the sound may come out intermittently. If it happens, check the connections of various equipment and your operating procedure once.



### **SPECIFICATIONS**

POWER OUTPUT IHF MUSIC POWER: 94W (4 $\Omega$ ) at 1,000Hz CONTINUOUS RMS POWER 32/32W  $(8\Omega)$  at 1,000Hz (each channel driven): CONTINUOUS RMS POWER  $30 + 30W (8\Omega)$  at 1,000Hz (both channels driven): TOTAL HARMONIC DISTORTION: less than 0.1% at rated output INTERMODULATION DISTORTION (70Hz:7,000Hz =4:1 SMPTE method): less than 0.1% at rated output IHF POWER BANDWIDTH (each channel driven at  $8\Omega$ ): 5 to 40,000Hz FREQUENCY RESPONSE (at 1Watt power outpnt) PHONO-1 and 2: RIAA equalization curve  $\pm 0.5 dB (30 to 15,000 Hz)$ AUX: 10 to 30,000Hz  $\pm 1.0$ dB MAIN INPUT: 10 to 40,000Hz  $\pm 1.0$ dB LOAD IMPEDANCE: 4 to  $16\Omega$ approximately 40 at  $8\Omega$  load DAMPING FACTOR: INPUT SENSITIVITY AND IMPEDANCE (at 1,000Hz) PHONO-1:  $2.5 \text{mV} (50 \text{k}\Omega)$ PHONO-2:  $2.5 \text{mV} (50 \text{k}\Omega)$ (Maximum input capability 300mV THD: less than 0.5%) 100mV (50k $\Omega$ ) TUNER: AUX:  $100 \text{mV} (50 \text{k}\Omega)$  $100 \text{mV} (50 \text{k}\Omega)$ TAPE PLAY (Pin): TAPE REC/PLAY (DID):  $100 \text{mV} (50 \text{k}\Omega)$ 4-CH ADAPTOR: 100mV  $(50k\Omega)$ MAIN INPUT: 800mV  $(40k\Omega)$ OUTPUT VOLTAGE(at 1,000Hz) TAPE REC (Pin): 100mV TAPE REC/PLAY (DIN): 30mV 4-CH ADAPTOR: 100mV PRE OUTPUT: 0.8V (THD: less than 0.08%) (Maximum Output Voltage 4.0V THD: less than 0.5%) CROSSTALK (at rated output, 1,000Hz): PHONO-1: better than 50dB better than 50dB PHONO-2: TUNER: better than 50dB better than 50dB ALIX: better than 50dB MAIN INPUT: IHF HUM AND NOISE better than 70dB PHONO-1: better than 70dB PHONO-2: better than 80dB TUNER: AUX: better than 80dB

MAIN INPUT:

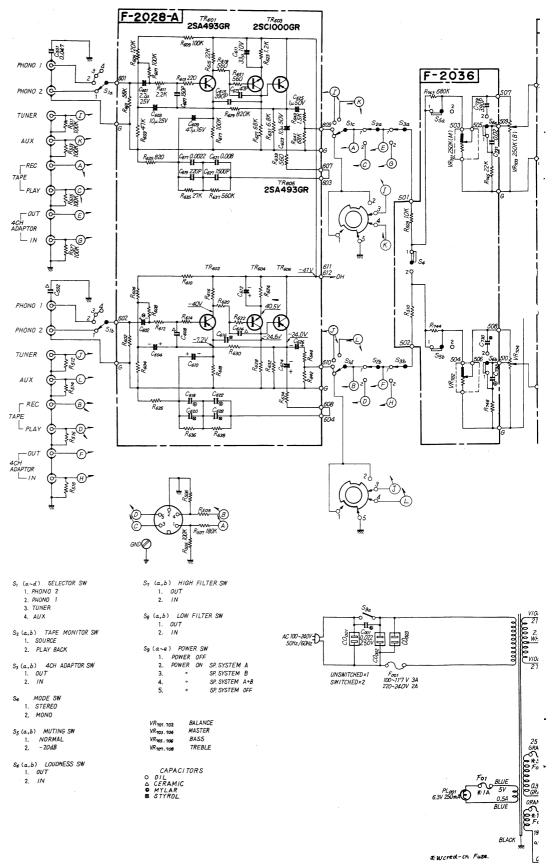
**SWITCHES & CONTROLS** +15dB, -15dB at 50HzBASS:  $+15 \mathrm{dB}$ ,  $-15 \mathrm{dB}$  at  $15,000 \mathrm{Hz}$ TREBLE:  $+\,\mathrm{10dB}$  at 50Hz,  $+\,\mathrm{8dB}$  at LOUDNESS: 10.000Hz volume control at -30dB-12dB at 50Hz (6dB/oct) LOW FILTER: -12dB at 10,000Hz (6dB/oct) HIGH FILTER: transistors; 35 diodes; 6 SEMICONDUCTOR: 100, 117, 220, 240V 50/60Hz POWER REQUIREMENTS: POWER CONSUMPTION MAXIMUM: 125VA 65W RATED: **DIMENSIONS:** 140mm (5\%") H 440mm (173/8") W 322mm (1211/6") D

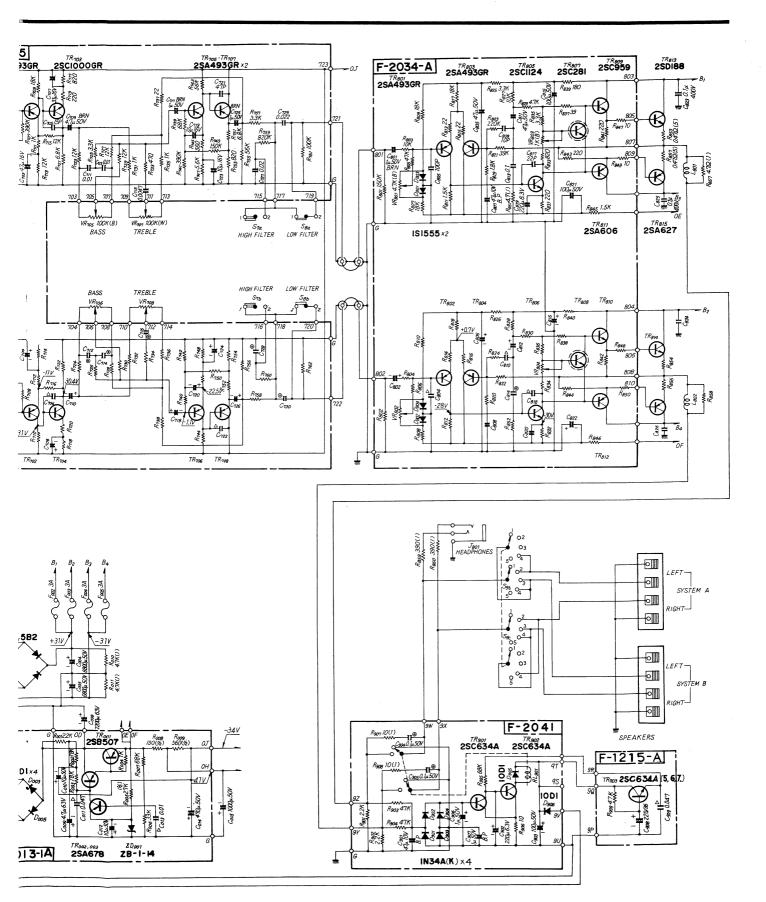
WEIGHT:

11.5kg (25.3 lbs)

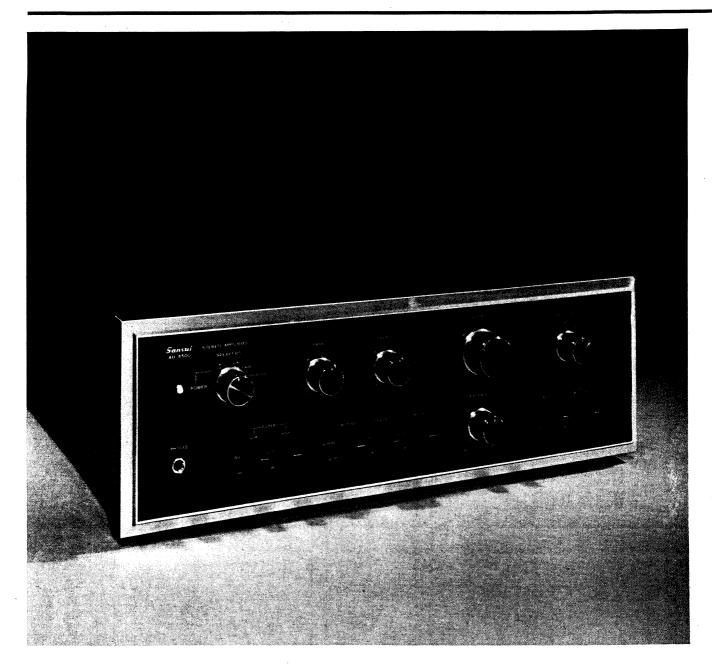
better than 100dB

## **SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM**





### **NOTES TO SERVICE ENGINEERS**



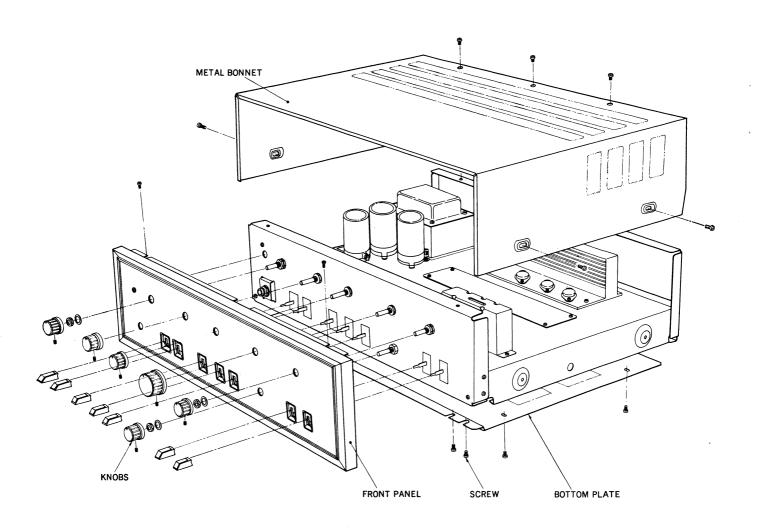
Please contact the nearest Sansui Authorized Service Station for replacement parts. When ordering them, look up the part lists on pages 19 to 26 and let us know (1) the amplifier's model number, (2) name of the printed circuit board, (3) part No., (4) name of the part, and (5) its stock No. Using nonstandard parts for temporary relief often impairs the sound quality and over-all reliability of the amplifier. Please take the trouble to contact your nearest Sansui Authorized Service Station.

Consult pages 17 to 26 when making repairs or adjustments. To check or measure the amplifier performance, connect load resistance of 4 to 16 ohms to the amplifier's speaker output terminals first. To check the electrical output characteristics, do not remove the bonnet and bottom plate.

# **GENERAL TROUBLESHOOTING CHART**

| PROGRAM<br>SOURCE | SYMPTOM  | PROBABLE CAUSE   | WHAT TO DO   |
|-------------------|--|--|--|
| Tuner.            | * Noise during AM reception.   | * Interference by adjacent stations (called beat interference).  | * Peculiar to AM waves, and unavoidable to some extent.  |
|                   |  | * TV set is being used simultaneously.   | * Move TV set away from tuner and amplifier.   |
|                   | * Noise heard at certain hours, in certain areas or over part of dial during AM reception.   | * Interference by nearby electrical appliances.  | <ul> <li>* Attach noise limiter to appliance producing noise.</li> <li>* In some cases, can be eliminated by reversing power cord plug-AC outlet connections.</li> </ul>   |
|                   | * Pop noise during FM reception.   | * Ignition noise from nearby automobile, motorcycle, etc.  | * Adjust antenna location and height for maximum sensitivity.  * Keep antenna away from streets.   |
|                   |  | be entirely eliminated.  | uency noise during radio reception cannot<br>Try turning on amplifier's High Filter<br>Control counterclockwise  |
| Turntable.        | * Hum noise.   | * Unshielded cables used to connect turntable.   | * Use regular shielded cables.  * Examine connecting cables, especial-   |
|                   |  | * Minus (ground) wire of con-<br>necting cable is not connect-<br>ed completely.   | ly their plugs.  * Connect grounding lead of turntable to amplifier's GND terminal.  |
|                   |  | * Turntable motor or tonearm is not grounded.  |  |
|                   | * Loud oscillating noise.  | * Turntable is placed on top<br>of or too close to speaker<br>systems.   | <ul> <li>* Place thick cushion between turntable and speaker systems.</li> <li>* Change location of turntable and speaker systems.</li> <li>* If using microphone(s), move or direct them away from speaker systems</li> </ul> |
|                   | * Sound is shaky.  | * Dust on record or pickup<br>stylus.<br>* Worn pickup stylus.<br>* Improper stylus pressure.                                      | * Clean record and pickup stylus.  * Replace pickup stylus.  * Adjust stylus pressure.   |
| Tape Deck.        | * Hiss noise.  | * Magnetic heads are magnetized.   | * Demagnetize heads.  * Turn on High Filter Switch.  * Connect noise reduction adaptor.  |
|                   | * Sound is not clear.  | * Dust on magnetic heads.  * Tape is not pressed tight to heads.   | * Clean heads.  * Align tape transport mechanism.  |
| General.          | * When left and right<br>channel sound volumes<br>are balanced with ampli-<br>fier's Balance Control,<br>it does not come to<br>center position. | * Left and right channel signal strengths vary with program source.  * Left and right speaker systems have different efficiencies. | * Never mind. Optimum stereo effect<br>is obtained by adjusting Balance<br>Control so that sound comes from<br>midway point between two speaker<br>systems with Mode Switch set to<br>MONO.                                    |
|                   | * Musical instruments and singer not located clearly.  | * Left-right, plus-minus con-<br>nections of speaker systems,<br>input cables are wrong.   | * Examine connections once.  |
|                   | * Want to listen at very low volume level at night.  | * Fine adjustment of very low volume cannot be done with Volume Control.   | * Turn on Muting Switch, then adjust Volume Control.   |

# **DISASSEMBLY PROCEDURE**



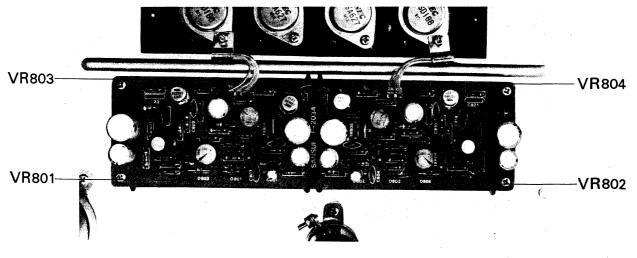
# **ALIGNMENT**

# Output of Power Amplifier Section

| STEP | CONNECT/ADJUST   | REMARKS                         |
|------|--|---------------------------------|
| 1.   | Connect load resistance (8 to 16 ohms) to left (right) channel SYSTEM-A speaker terminal.  |                                 |
| 2.   | Connect voltmeter in parallel with load resistance.  | Set voltmeter to 0.5V~3V range. |
| 3.   | Turn Power/Speakers<br>Swith to SYSTEM-A.  |                                 |
| 4.   | Adjust VR <sub>801</sub> (VR <sub>802</sub> ) so that voltmeter indicates 0±50mA. Repeat above procedure for right channel (notations in parentheses are for right channel). |                                 |

# **Current Alignment of Power Amplifier Section**

| STEP | AMMETER<br>(TESTER)       | CONNECT/ADJUST  | REMARKS                          |
|------|---------------------------|---|----------------------------------|
| 1.   |                           | Remove $F_{002}$ and $F_{003}$ .  | Use                              |
| 2.   |                           | Turn $VR_{803}$ and $VR_{804}$ fully counterclockwise.  | ammeter<br>with 100mA<br>or 50mA |
| 3.   |                           | Turn Power/Speakers Switch to SPKR OFF.   | range.                           |
| 4.   | Set to 100mA range.       | Connect ammeter where $F_{002}$ was. (Connect (21) on schematic to minus terminal of ammeter, other end to plus terminal.)  |                                  |
| 5.   |                           | Adjust $VR_{803}$ (left channel) so that ammeter indicates 28 to $32mA$ .   |                                  |
| 6.   |                           | Turn off Power/Speakers Switch and replace $F_{002}$ .  |                                  |
| 7.   | Set to<br>100mA<br>range. | Turn Power/Speakers Switch to SPKR OFF, then connect ammeter where $F_{008}$ was. (Connect (22) on circuit schematic to minus terminal of ammeter, other end to plus terminal.) |                                  |
| 8.   |                           | Adjust $VR_{804}$ (right channel) so that ammeter indicates 28 to $32mA$ .  |                                  |
| 9.   |                           | Turn off Power/Speakers Switch and replace $F_{008}$ .  |                                  |



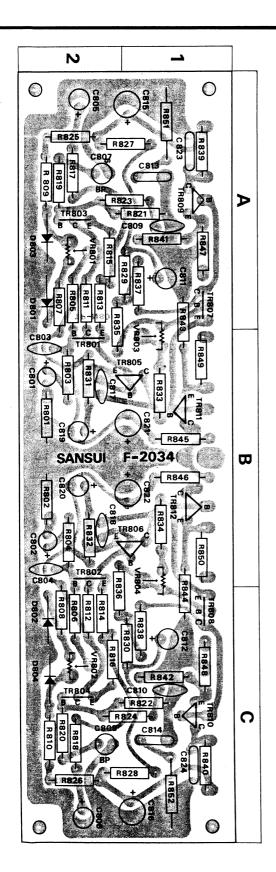
# PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARDS AND PARTS LIST

W: Parts No. X: Parts Name Y: Stock No. Z: Position of Parts

# DRIVER BLOCK (F-2034-A) Stock No. 7570680

|              |  | Stock No. 7570680 |        |         |         |
|--------------|--|-------------------|--------|---------|---------|
| w            |  | X                 |        | Y       | Z       |
| R801         | 150kΩ)                                       |                   |        | 0101154 | 2 B     |
| R802         | 150kΩ  |                   | I      | 0101154 | 2 B     |
| R803         | 10kΩ   |                   |        | 0101103 | 2 B     |
| R804         | 10kΩ   |                   |        | 0101103 | 2 B     |
| R805         | 47kΩ   |                   |        | 0101473 | 2 A     |
| R806         | 47kΩ   |                   |        | 0101473 | 2 C     |
| R807         | 18kΩ   |                   | l      | 0101183 | 2 A , B |
| R808         | 18kΩ   |                   |        | 0101183 | 2B, C   |
| R809         | 18kΩ   |                   |        | 0101183 | 2 A     |
| R810         | 18kΩ   |                   |        | 0101183 | 2 C     |
| R811         | 3.3kΩ  |                   |        | 0101332 | 2 A     |
| R812         | 3.3kΩ  |                   |        | 0101332 | 2 C     |
| R813         | 39Ω  |                   |        | 0101390 | 2 A     |
| R814         | 39Ω  |                   |        | 0101370 | 2 C     |
| R815         | 39Ω  |                   |        | 0101370 | 2 A     |
| R816         | 39Ω  |                   |        | 0101370 | 2 C     |
| R817         | 18kΩ   |                   |        | 0101370 | 2 A     |
| R818         | 18kΩ   |                   |        | 0101183 | 2 C     |
| R819         |  |                   |        | 0101182 | 2 A     |
| R820         | 1.8kΩ  |                   |        | 0101182 | 2 C     |
| R821         | 1.8kΩ<br>39kΩ                                |                   |        | 0101182 | 1, 2 A  |
| R822         | 1  |                   |        | 0101373 | 1, 2 C  |
|              | 39kΩ   |                   |        | 0101373 | 1, 2 A  |
| R823         | $220k\Omega$ $\pm 1$                         | 10% ¼W            | CR.    | 0101224 | 1, 2 C  |
| R824<br>R825 | 3.3kΩ  |                   |        | 0101224 | 1, 2 C  |
| R826         | 3.3kΩ  |                   |        | 0101332 | 2 C     |
| R827         | 10kΩ   |                   |        | 0101332 | 1, 2 A  |
| R828         | 10kΩ   |                   |        | 0101103 | 1, 2 C  |
| R829         | 4.7kΩ  |                   |        | 0101472 | 1, 2 A  |
| R830         | 4.7kΩ  |                   |        | 0101472 | 1, 2C   |
| R831         | 180Ω   |                   |        | 0101181 | 2 B     |
| R832         | 180Ω   |                   | -      | 0101181 | 2 B     |
| R833         | 820Ω   |                   |        | 0101821 | 1 B     |
| R834         | 820Ω   |                   | İ      | 0101821 | 1 B     |
| R835         | 3.3kΩ  |                   | 1      | 0101332 | 2A, B   |
| R836         | 3.3kΩ  |                   |        | 0101332 | 2B, C   |
| R837         | 39Ω  |                   |        | 0101390 | 1 A     |
| R838         | 39Ω  |                   |        | 0101390 | 1 C     |
| R839         | 180Ω   |                   |        | 0101181 | 1 A     |
| R840         | 180Ω   |                   |        | 0101181 | 1C      |
| R841         | 220Ω   |                   | 1      | 0101221 | 1 A     |
| R842         | 220Ω   |                   |        | 0101221 | 1C      |
| R843 '       | 220Ω   |                   |        | 0101221 | 1 A , B |
| R844         | 220Ω   |                   |        | 0101221 | 1B, C   |
| R845         | 1.5kΩ  |                   |        | 0101152 | 1 B     |
| R846         | $1.5k\Omega$                                 |                   |        | 0101152 | 1 B     |
| R851         | 100)   |                   |        | 0104100 | 1 A     |
| R852         | $\pm \frac{10\Omega}{10\Omega}$              | 10% 1W            | CR.    | 0104100 | 1C      |
| R847         | 10Ω)   |                   |        | 0101100 | 1 A     |
| R848         | 100  |                   |        | 0101100 | 10      |
| R849         | $\pm \left\langle \Omega_{01} \right\rangle$ | 10% ¼W            | CR.    | 0101100 | 1 B     |
| R850         | 10Ω  |                   |        | 0101100 | 1 B     |
|              | :  |                   |        |         |         |
| VR801        | 4.7kΩ(B))                                    |                   | (Left) | 1035110 | 2 A     |
|              |  | Balance Adj       |        |         |         |

| W                    | <b>)</b>               | <                                       |         | Y               | Z       |
|----------------------|------------------------|---|---------|-----------------|---------|
| VR803                | $1k\Omega(B)$          |   | (Left)  | 1035070         | 1 A , E |
| VR804                | $1k\Omega(B)$          | ias Adj.                                | (Right) | 1035070         | 1 B , C |
| C801                 | 1 μF)                  | 50\                                     | / EC.   | 0519101         | 2 B     |
| C802                 | 1 <i>μ</i> F∫          | 30                                      | LC.     | 0519101         | 2 B     |
| C803                 | 100pF) ±10             | 0% 50\                                  | / CC.   | 0660101         | 2 B     |
| C804                 | 100pF∫ - 10            | 70 30                                   | CC.     | 0660101         | 2 B     |
| C805                 | 47 μF )                | <b>,</b> 50\                            | / EC.   | 0515470         | 2 A     |
| C806                 | 47 μF )                | ,00                                     |         | 0515470         | 2C      |
| C807                 | 47 μF )                | 10\                                     | / PBEC. | 0531470         | 2 A     |
| C808                 | 47 μF∫                 | 101                                     | T DEC.  | 0531470         | 2 C     |
| C809                 | 10pF) ±10              | % 50\                                   | / cc.   | 0660100         | 1 A     |
| <b>C</b> 810         | 10pF) -10              | ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, |         | 0660100         | 1 C     |
| C811                 | 47 μF )                | 50\                                     | / EC.   | 0515470         | 1 A     |
| C812                 | 47 μF∫                 | 30                                      | LC.     | 0515470         | 1 C     |
| C813                 | $0.047 \mu F$ $\pm 10$ | % 50\                                   | / MC.   | 0601477         | 1 A     |
| C814                 | $0.047 \mu \text{F}$   | 70 301                                  | MIC.    | 0601477         | 1 C     |
| <b>C</b> 81 <i>5</i> | 100 <i>μ</i> F)        | 50\                                     | / EC.   | 0515101         | 1,2A    |
| C816                 | 100 <i>μ</i> F∫        | 30                                      | LC.     | 0515101         | 1, 2C   |
| C817                 | 22pF) ± 20             | % 50\                                   | / cc.   | 066022 <b>0</b> | 2 B     |
| C818                 | 22pF∫ - 20             | 70 30                                   | CC.     | 066022 <b>0</b> | 2 B     |
| C819                 | 220μF)                 | 6.3\                                    | / EC.   | 0510221         | 2 B     |
| C820                 | 220μF)                 | 0.0                                     |         | 0510221         | 2 B     |
| C821                 | 100 <i>μ</i> F)        | 50\                                     | / EC.   | 0515101         | 1,2B    |
| C822                 | 100 <i>μ</i> F)        | 30                                      |         | 0515101         | 1,2B    |
| TR801                | 1                      |   |         | 0300450         | 2 B     |
| TR802                | 2SA493 (GR)            |   |         | 0300450         | 2 B     |
| TR803                | 23A473 (OK)            |   |         | 0300450         | 2 A     |
| TR804                | J                      |   |         | 0300450         | 2 C     |
| TR805                | 2SC1124 (2, 3)         |   |         | 0305901, 2      | 1,2B    |
| TR806                | 2301124 (2, 3)         |   |         | 0305901, 2      | 1,2B    |
| TR807                | 2SC281 (B, C)          |   |         | 0305121, 2      | 1 A     |
| TR808                | ) 230201 (8, 0)        |   |         | 0305121, 2      | 1 C     |
| TR809                | 2SC959 (L, M)          |   |         | 0305741, 2      | 1 A     |
| TR810                | 250757 (E, W)          |   |         | 0305741, 2      | 1 C     |
| TR811                | 2SA606 (L, M)          |   |         | 0300211, 2      | 1 B     |
| TR812                | 337,000 (2,141)        |   |         | 0300211, 2      | 1 B     |
| D801                 | 1                      |   |         | 0311040         | 2 A     |
| D802                 | 151555                 |   |         | 0311040         | 2C      |
| D803                 | 131335                 |   |         | 0311040         | 2 A     |
| D804                 | IJ                     |   |         | 0311040         | 2 C     |
|                      | Printed Circuit E      | Board F                                 | -2034   | 257046 <b>0</b> |         |



#### \_\_\_\_Abbreviations

CR : Carbon Resistor
SR : Solid Resistor
CeR : Cement Resistor
CC : Ceramic Capacitor
EC : Electrolytic Capacitor
MC : Mylar Capacitor

MPC: Metallized Polyester Capacitor

SC: Polystyrene Capacitor

BPEC: Bi-polar Electrolytic Capacitor

TC: Tantalum Capacitor

OC : Oil Capacitor

MP : Metallized Paper Film Capacitor

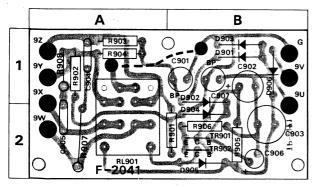
# PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARDS AND PARTS LIST

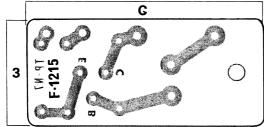
W: Parts No. X: Parts Name Y: Stock No. Z: Position of Parts

#### PROTECTOR BLOCK

⟨F-2041⟩ stock No. 7591230 ⟨F-1215A⟩ stock No. 7591230

| W            | x                                   |                |       | Y           | Z   |
|--------------|-------------------------------------|----------------|-------|-------------|-----|
| R901         | 2.2kΩ)                              |                |       | 0101222     | В   |
| R902         | $2.2$ k $\Omega$                    |                |       | 0101222     | Α . |
| R903         | 47kΩ                                | 1 /            |       | 0101473     | Α   |
| R904         | $47k\Omega$ $\pm 10\%$              | ⅓W             | CR.   | 0101473     | Α   |
| R905         | 68kΩ                                |                |       | 0101683     | В   |
| R906         | 10Ω                                 |                |       | 0101100     | В   |
| R907         | 10Ω)                                | 1/14/          | 6.0   | 0111100     | Α   |
| R908         | $10\Omega$ $\pm 10\%$               | $\frac{1}{2}W$ | SR.   | 0111100     | Α   |
| <b>R</b> 909 | 22kΩ) «                             | 1/14           | 60    | 0107223     | 3 C |
| <b>R</b> 910 | $\frac{22k\Omega}{47k\Omega}$ ± 5 % | 1∕4W           | CR.   | 0107473     | 3 C |
| C901         | 47 μF                               | 10V            | BPEC. | 0531470     | В   |
| C902         | 220μF                               | 6.3V           | EC.   | 0510221     | В   |
| C903         | 100μF                               | 50V            | EC.   | 0515101     | В   |
| C904         | 0.140                               |                |       | 0601108     | Ā   |
| C905         | $0.1\mu$ $0.1\mu$ $\pm 10\%$        | 50V            | MC.   | 0601108     | A   |
| C906         | 1 μ                                 | 50V            | EC.   | 0515109     | В   |
| C907         | 1 μ                                 | 50V            | BPEC. | 0535109     | В   |
| C908         | 220 <i>μ</i> F                      | 35V            | EC.   | 0514222     | 3 C |
| C909         | $0.047 \mu F + \frac{80}{-20}\%$    | 50V            | CC.   | 0657473     | 3 C |
| TR901        | ) 000(011(17.0)                     |                |       | 0305891,2,3 | В   |
| TR902        | 2SC634A (6, 7, 8)                   |                |       | 0305891,2,3 | В   |
| TR903        | 2SC634A (5, 6, 7)                   |                |       | 0305890,1,2 | 3 C |
| D901         | 1                                   |                |       | 0310402     | В   |
| D902         | (1)                                 |                |       | 0310402     | В   |
| D903         | \rightarrow IN34A (K)               |                |       | 0310402     | В   |
| D904         |                                     |                |       | 0310402     | В   |
| D905         | j                                   |                |       | 0310341     | В   |
| D906         | 10D-1                               |                |       | 0310341     | В   |
| RL901        | Relay                               |                |       | 1150101     | Α   |
|              | Printed Circuit Boar                | d F-20         | 041   | 2591230     |     |
|              |                                     | F-12           |       | 2590230     |     |



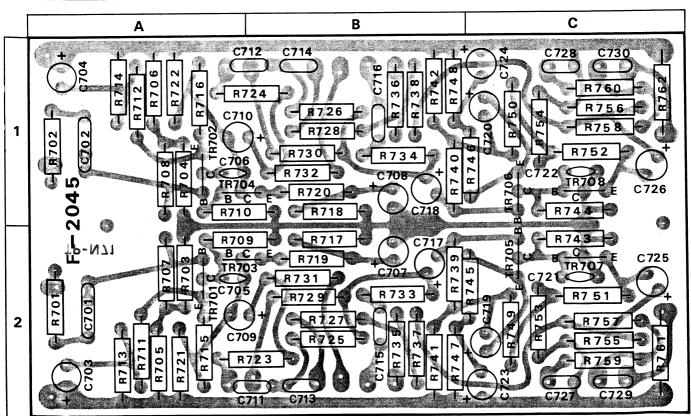


#### TONE CONTROL BLOCK <F-2045>

| Stock No. 7560590 |       |        |       |     |         |            |
|-------------------|-------|--------|-------|-----|---------|------------|
| W                 |       | Х      |       |     | Y       | Z          |
| <b>R</b> 701      | lkΩ   | `      |       |     | 0101102 | 2 A        |
| <b>R</b> 702      | lkΩ   |        |       |     | 0101102 | 1 A        |
| <b>R</b> 703      | 470kΩ |        |       |     | 0101474 | 2 A        |
| <b>R</b> 704      | 470kΩ |        |       |     | 0101474 | 1 A        |
| <b>R</b> 705      | 270kΩ |        |       |     | 0101274 | 2 A        |
| R706              | 270kΩ |        |       |     | 0101274 | 1 A        |
| <b>R</b> 707      | 390kΩ |        |       |     | 0101394 | 2 A        |
| <b>R</b> 708      | 390kΩ |        |       |     | 0101394 | 1 A        |
| R709              | 18kΩ  |        |       |     | 0101183 | 2A, B      |
| <b>R</b> 710      | 18kΩ  |        |       |     | 0101183 | 1 A , B    |
| R711              | 1kΩ   |        |       |     | 0101102 | 2 A        |
| R712              | lkΩ   |        |       |     | 0101102 | 1 A        |
| <b>R</b> 713      | 12kΩ  |        |       |     | 0101123 | 2 A        |
| R714              | 12kΩ  |        |       |     | 0101123 | 1 A        |
| R715              | 12kΩ  |        |       |     | 0101123 | 2 A        |
| R716              | 12kΩ  |        |       |     | 0101123 | 1 A        |
| R717              | 820Ω  |        |       |     | 0101821 | 2 B        |
| <b>R</b> 718      | 820Ω  |        |       |     | 0101821 | 1 B        |
| <b>R</b> 719      | 220Ω  |        |       |     | 0101221 | 2 B        |
| R720              | 220Ω  |        |       |     | 0101221 | 1 B        |
| R721              | 6.8kΩ |        |       |     | 0101682 | 2 A        |
| R722              | 6.8kΩ |        |       |     | 0101682 | 1 A        |
| R723              | 12kΩ  |        |       |     | 0101123 | 2 A , B    |
| R724              | 12kΩ  |        |       |     | 0101123 | 1 A , B    |
| R725              | 3.3kΩ |        |       |     | 0101332 | 2 B        |
| R726              | 3.3kΩ |        |       |     | 0101332 | 1 B        |
| R727              | 12kΩ  |        |       |     | 0101123 | 2 B        |
| <b>R</b> 728      | 12kΩ  | ±10%   | 1/4W  | CR. | 0101123 | 1 B        |
| R729              | 12kΩ  | > 10/0 | /4 ** | CK. | 0101123 | 2 B        |
| R730              | 12kΩ  |        |       |     | 0101123 | 1 B        |
| R731              | īkΩ   |        |       |     | 0101102 | 2 B        |
| R732              | lkΩ   |        |       |     | 0101102 | 1 B        |
| R733              | 470Ω  |        |       |     | 0101471 | 2 B        |
| R734              | 470Ω  |        |       |     | 0101471 | 1 B        |
| R735              | 470Ω  |        |       |     | 0101471 | 2 B        |
| R736              | 470Ω  |        |       |     | 0101471 | 1 B        |
| R737              | 22 \O |        |       |     | 0101220 | 2 B        |
| <b>R</b> 738      | 22Ω   |        |       |     | 0101220 | 1 B        |
| R739              | 68kΩ  |        |       |     | 0101683 | 2 B        |
| <b>R</b> 740      | 68kΩ  |        |       |     | 0101683 | 1 B        |
| R741              | 390kΩ |        |       |     | 0101394 | 2 B        |
| R742              | 390kΩ |        |       |     | 0101394 | 1 B        |
| R743              | 56kΩ  |        |       |     | 0101563 | 2 C        |
| R744              | 56kΩ  |        |       |     | 0101563 | 1 C        |
| R745              | 560Ω  |        |       |     | 0101561 | 2B, C      |
| R746              | 560Ω  |        |       |     | 0101561 | 1 B , C    |
| R747              | 5.6kΩ |        |       |     | 0101562 | 2 B        |
| R748              | 5.6kΩ |        |       |     | 0101562 | 1 B        |
| R749              | 150kΩ |        |       |     | 0101154 | 2 C        |
| R750              | 150kΩ |        |       |     | 0101154 | 1 C<br>2 C |
| R751              | 6.8kΩ |        |       |     | 0101682 |            |
| R752              | 6.8kΩ |        |       |     | 0101682 | 1 C        |
| R753              | 820Ω  |        |       |     | 0101821 | 2C<br>1C   |
| R754              | 820Ω  |        |       |     | 0101821 |            |
| R755              | 56kΩ  |        |       |     | 0101563 |            |
| R756              | 56kΩ  | '      |       |     | 0101563 | 1'         |

| W    | x                       |              |     | Y       | Z     |
|------|-------------------------|--------------|-----|---------|-------|
| R757 | 3.3kΩ )                 |              |     | 0101332 | 2 C   |
| R758 | 3.3kΩ                   |              |     | 0101332 | 1 C   |
| R759 | 820kΩα                  | 1/14/        | CD. | 0101824 | 2C    |
| R760 | $820k\Omega$ $\pm 10\%$ | ⅓W           | CR. | 0101824 | 1 C   |
| R761 | 100kΩ                   |              |     | 0101104 | 2 C   |
| R762 | 100kΩ )                 |              |     | 0101104 | 1 C   |
| C701 | 0.22μF) + 59/           | 50V          | MC. | 0600228 | 2 A   |
| C702 | $0.22\mu F$ ± 5%        | 5U V         | MC. | 0600228 | 1 A   |
| C703 | 47 μF)                  | 1.07         | EC. | 0512470 | 2 A   |
| C704 | 47 μF \$                | 167          | EC. | 0512470 | 1 A   |
| C705 | 15pF) ±10%              | 50V          | CC. | 0660150 | 2 A   |
| C706 | 15pF ±10%               | 5U V         | CC. | 0660150 | 1 A   |
| C707 | 33μF)                   |              |     | 0512470 | 2 B   |
| C708 | 33μF                    | 167          | EC. | 0512470 | 1 B   |
| C709 | 4.7 μF)                 | 501/         | 5.0 | 0519106 | 2A, B |
| C710 | 4.7 μF                  | 5 <b>0</b> V | EC. | 0519106 | 1A, B |
| C711 | 0.01 μF )               |              |     | 0600107 | 2A, B |
| C712 | 0.01 μF                 |              |     | 0600107 | 1A, B |
| C713 | 0.0146                  | 50) (        |     | 0600107 | 2 B   |
| C714 | $0.01 \mu F$ $\pm 5\%$  | 5 <b>0</b> V | MC. | 0600107 | 1 B   |
| C715 | 0.0047 μF               |              |     | 0600476 | 2 B   |
| C716 | 0.0047 μF)              |              |     | 0600476 | 1 B   |
| C717 | 1μF                     | 50V          | EC. | 0519101 | 2 B   |

| W     | x                    |       |      | Y       | Z       |
|-------|----------------------|-------|------|---------|---------|
| C718  | 1 μF                 | 50V   | EC.  | 0519101 | 1 B     |
| C719  | 10 <i>μ</i> F)       | 16V   | EC.  | 0512100 | 2 C     |
| C720  | 10 <i>μ</i> F∫       | 101   | EC.  | 0512100 | 1 C     |
| C721  | $47 pF$ $\pm 10\%$   | 50V   | CC.  | 0660470 | 2 C     |
| C722  | 47pF ± 10%           | 301   | CC.  | 0660470 | 1 C     |
| C723  | 10 <i>μ</i> F)       | 167   | EC.  | 0512100 | 2 C     |
| C724  | 10 <i>μ</i> F∫       | 101   | LC.  | 0512100 | 1 C     |
| C725  | 1 μF )               | 50V   | EC.  | 0519101 | 2 C     |
| C726  | 1 <i>μ</i> F∫        | 301   | LC.  | 0519101 | 1 C     |
| C727  | 0.02 <i>μ</i> F )    |       |      | 0600207 | 2 C     |
| C728  | $0.02 \mu F \pm 5\%$ | 50V   | MC.  | 0600207 | 1 C     |
| C729  | 0.022μF ( - 570      | 501   | W.C. | 0600227 | 2 C     |
| C730  | 0.022 <i>μ</i> F J   |       |      | 0600227 | 1 C     |
| TR701 | } 2SA493 (GR)        |       |      | 0300450 | 2 A     |
| TR702 | 25A493 (GK)          |       |      | 0300450 | 1 A     |
| TR703 | 2SC1000 (GR)         |       |      | 0305880 | 2 A     |
| TR704 | 23C1000 (GK)         |       |      | 0305880 | 1 A , B |
| TR705 | 1                    |       |      | 0300450 | 2 C     |
| TR706 | 2SA493 (GR)          |       |      | 0300450 | 1 C     |
| TR707 | 23A473 (GR)          |       |      | 0300450 | 2C      |
| TR708 | J                    |       |      | 0300450 | 1 C     |
|       | Printed Circuit Boar | d F-2 | 2045 | 2560550 |         |



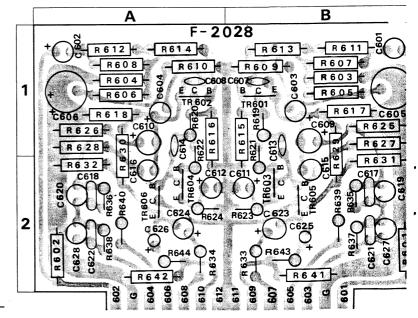
# PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARDS AND PARTS LIST

W: Parts No. X: Parts Name Y: Stock No. Z: Position of Parts

# EQUALIZER BLOCK (F-2028-A)

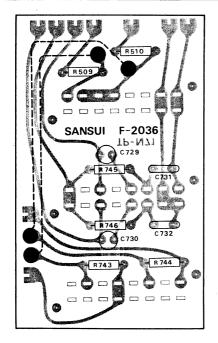
|              |                                      | tock No. 7 | 550420 |                    |            |
|--------------|--------------------------------------|------------|--------|--------------------|------------|
| w            | Х                                    | ζ          |        | Y                  | Z          |
| R601         | 100kΩ \                              |            |        | 0101104            | 2 B        |
| R602         | 100kΩ                                |            |        | 0101104            | 2 A        |
| R603         | 47kΩ                                 |            |        | 0101473            | 1 B        |
| R604         | 47kΩ                                 |            |        | 0101473            | 1 A        |
| R605         | 120kΩ                                |            |        | 0101124            | 1 B        |
| R606         | 120kΩ                                |            |        | 0101124            | 1 A        |
| R607         | 100kΩ                                |            |        | 0101104            | 1 B        |
| R608         | 100kΩ                                |            |        | 0101104            | 1 A        |
| R619         | 100kΩ                                |            |        | 0101104            | 1 B        |
| R610         | 100kΩ                                |            |        | 0101104            | 1 A        |
| R611         | 2.2kΩ                                |            |        | 0101222            | 1 B        |
| R612         | 2.2k $\Omega$                        |            |        | 0101222            | 1 A        |
| R613         | 220Ω                                 |            |        | 0101221            | 1 B        |
| R614         | $220\Omega$                          |            |        | 0101221            | 1 A.       |
| R615         | 22kΩ                                 |            |        | 0101223            | 1,2B       |
| R616         | 22kΩ                                 |            |        | 0101223            | 1 A        |
| R617         | 100kΩ                                |            |        | 0101104            | 1 B        |
| R618         | 100kΩ                                |            |        | 0101104            | 1 A .      |
| <b>R</b> 619 | 560Ω                                 |            |        | 0101561            | 1 B        |
| R620         | $560\Omega$                          |            |        | 0101561            | 1 A        |
| R621         | $560\Omega$ $\pm 10$                 | % 1/4W     | CR.    | 0101561            | 1,2B       |
| R622         | 560Ω                                 | /4         |        | 0101561            | 1, 2 A     |
| R623         | 1.2kΩ                                |            |        | 0101122            | 2 B        |
| R624         | 1.2kΩ                                |            |        | 0101122            | 2 A        |
| R625         | 820Ω                                 |            |        | 0101821            | 1 B        |
| R626         | 820Ω                                 |            |        | 0101821            | 1 A        |
| R627         | 68kΩ                                 |            | -      | 0101683            | 1 B        |
| R628         | 68kΩ                                 |            |        | 0101683<br>0101824 | 1 A        |
| R629         | 820kΩ                                |            |        | 0101824            | 1, 2 B     |
| R630<br>R631 | 820kΩ                                |            |        | 0101624            | 1, 2 A     |
| R632         | $6.8$ k $\Omega$<br>$6.8$ k $\Omega$ |            |        | 0101682            | 2 B        |
| R632         | 560Ω                                 |            |        | 0101561            | 2 A<br>2 B |
| R634         | 560Ω                                 |            |        | 0101561            | 2 A        |
| R635         | 27kΩ                                 |            |        | 0101273            | 2 B        |
| R636         | 27kΩ                                 |            |        | 0101273            | 2 A        |
| R637         | 560kΩ                                |            |        | 0101564            | 2 B        |
| R638         | 560kΩ                                |            |        | 0101564            | 2 A        |
| R641         | 68kΩ                                 |            |        | 0101683            | 2 B        |
| R642         | 68kΩ                                 |            |        | 0101683            | 2 A        |
| R643         | 1.5kΩ                                |            |        | 0101152            | 2 B        |
| R644         | 1.5kΩ                                |            |        | 0101152            | 2 A        |
| C601         | 3.3μF)                               |            |        | 0573339            | 1 B        |
| C602         | 3.3μF                                | 25V        | TC.    | 0573339            | 1 A        |
| C603         | 10μF)                                |            |        | 0513100            | 1 B        |
| C604         | 10μF                                 | 25V        | EC.    | 0513100            | 1 A        |
| C605         | 33μF)                                |            |        | 0515330            | 1 B        |
| C606         | 33μF                                 | 50V        | EC.    | 0515330            | 1 A        |
| C607         | 1.50-5)                              |            |        | 0660151            | 1 B        |
| C608         | 150pr \ ±10                          | )% 50V     | CC.    | 0660151            | 1 A        |
| C609         | 47 μF)                               |            |        | 0512470            | 1 B        |
| C610         | 47 μF                                | 16V        | EC.    | 0512470            | 1 A        |
| C611         | 33 <i>μ</i> F)                       | • • • •    |        | 0511330            | 2 B        |
| C612         | 33μF)                                | 10V        | EC.    | 0511330            | 2 A        |
| C613         | 33pF ±10                             | % 50V      | CC.    | 0660330            | 1 B        |
|              | l                                    |            |        |                    | l          |

| W     | x                                   | Y       | Z   |
|-------|-------------------------------------|---------|-----|
| C614  | 33pF ±10% 50V CC.                   | 0660330 | 1 A |
| C615  | 390pF)                              | 0610391 | 2 B |
| C616  | 390pF                               | 0610391 | 2 A |
| C617  | 1500pF                              | 0610152 | 2 B |
| C618  | $  1500 pF \rangle \pm 5\%$ 50V SC. | 0610152 | 2 A |
| C619  | 220pF                               | 0610221 | 2 B |
| C620  | 220pF)                              | 0610221 | 2 A |
| C621  | 0.008 µF)                           | 0600806 | 2 B |
| C622  | $0.008 \mu F$ ± 5% 50V MC.          | 0600806 | 2 A |
| C623  | 10μF) 50V 50                        | 0515100 | 2 B |
| C624  | $10\mu\text{F}$ 50V EC.             | 0515100 | 2 A |
| C625  | 1μF)                                | 0519101 | 2 B |
| C626  | $1 \mu F$ 50V EC.                   | 0519101 | 2 A |
| TR601 | 25 4 402 (CD)                       | 0300450 | 1 B |
| TR602 | 2SA493 (GR)                         | 0300450 | 1 A |
| TR603 | 2SC1000 (GR)                        | 0300450 | 1 B |
| TR604 | 325 ( GK)                           | 0305880 | 2 A |
| TR605 | ) 35 A 403 (CB)                     | 0300450 | 2 B |
| TR606 | 2SA493 (GR)                         | 0300450 | 2 A |
|       | Printed Circuit Board F-2028        | 2550330 |     |



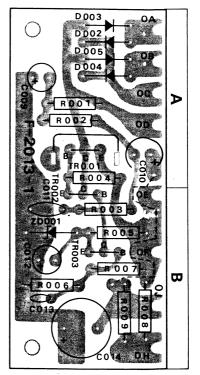
#### ACCESSORY BLOCK <F-2036>

| W              | X  | Y                  |
|----------------|--|--------------------|
| R 509          | 10kΩ   | 0101103            |
| R510<br>R511   | $10k\Omega$ $22k\Omega$                                      | 0101103            |
| R512           | $\frac{22k\Omega}{22k\Omega}$ $\pm 10\%$ $\frac{1}{4}$ W CR. | 0101223            |
| R513           | 680kΩ  | 0101684            |
| R514           | 680kΩ)   | 0101684            |
| C503           | 390pF) ± 5% 50V SC.  | 0610391            |
| C504           | 390pF) ± 3% 30V 3C.  | 0610391            |
| C505<br>C506   | $\frac{0.02\mu F}{0.02\mu F}$ $\pm 10\%$ 50V MC.             | 0601207<br>0601207 |
| <b>S</b> 4     | MODE SWITCH  | 1170170            |
| S5             | MUTING SWITCH  | 1170270            |
| S <sub>6</sub> | LOUDNESS SWITCH  | 1170270            |
|                | Printed Circuit Boad F-2036                                  | 2591250            |



# POWER SUPPLY BLOCK $\langle F-2013-1A \rangle$ Stock No. 7500690

| W     | X                                       | Y             | Z   |  |
|-------|---|---------------|-----|--|
| Rooi  | 2.2kΩ)                                  | 0101222       | Α   |  |
| R002  | 18kΩ                                    | 0101183       | Α   |  |
| R003  | 18kΩ                                    | 0101183       | В   |  |
| R004  | $1 k\Omega > \pm 10\%$ ½W CR.           | 0101102       | Α   |  |
| R005  | 2.7kΩ                                   | 0101272       | В   |  |
| R006  | 33kΩ                                    | 0101333       | В   |  |
| R007  | 78kΩ )                                  | 0101683       | В   |  |
| R008  | $150\Omega$ $\pm 10\%$ ½W CR.           | 0103151       | Α   |  |
| R009  | $\frac{10002}{560\Omega}$ ± 10% ½W CR.  | 0103561       | В   |  |
| C009  | 4.7 μF 63V EC.                          | 0516479       | Α   |  |
| C010  | 10μF 50V EC.                            | 0515100       | Α   |  |
| C011  | $0.047 \mu F + \frac{80}{20}\%$ 50V CC. | 0557473       | В   |  |
| C012  | 10μF 50V EC.                            | 0515100       | В   |  |
| C013  | $0.01 \mu F + \frac{80}{20}\%$ 50V CC.  | 0557103       | В   |  |
| C014  | 470μF 50V EC.                           | 0515471       | В   |  |
| TRooi | 2SB507 (C, D, E, F)                     | 0303230,1,2,3 | Α   |  |
| TR002 | 054/70 0 (4.7)                          | 0300421,2     | В   |  |
| TR003 | 2SA678 Orange (6, 7)                    | 0300421,2     | В . |  |
| ZD    | ZB-1-14                                 | 0315071       | В   |  |
| D002  | 1                                       | 0310340       | Α   |  |
| D003  | 10D-1                                   | 0310340       | Α   |  |
| D004  | 100-1                                   | 0310340       | Α   |  |
| D005  | ĮJ į                                    | 0310340       | Α   |  |
|       | Printed Circuit Board F-2013-1          | 2500570       |     |  |



# OTHER PARTS AND THEIR POSITION ON CHASSIS

W: Parts No. X: Parts Name Y: Stock No.

#### OTHER PARTS

| w              | X  | Υ                  |
|----------------|--|--------------------|
|                | <u> </u>   | <u> </u>           |
| R 505          | 100kΩ)   | 0101104            |
| R 506          | 100kΩ  | 0101104            |
| R 507          | 180kΩ  | 0101184            |
| R 508          | 180kΩ  | 0101184            |
| R 51 1         | 100kΩ  | 0101104            |
| R512           | $100k\Omega$ $\pm 10\%$ $\frac{1}{4}$ W CR.  | 0101104            |
| R513           | 100k()   | 0101104            |
| R514           | 100kΩ  | 0101104            |
| R 51 5         | 100kΩ  | 0101104            |
| R516           | 100kΩ  | 0101104            |
| R517           | 100kΩ  | 0101104            |
| R518           | 100kΩ J  | 0101104            |
| R853           | 0.47 \( \Omega \)  | 0155478            |
| R854           | $0.47\Omega$ $\pm 10\%$ 5W CeR.  | 0155478            |
| R855           | 0.47 Ω   | 0155478            |
| R856           | 0.47 \( \O \)  | 0155478            |
| R857           | $4.7\Omega$  | 0154479<br>0104479 |
| R858           | 4.7 Ω  | 0104479            |
| R859           | $390\Omega$   $\pm 10\%$ 1W CR.  | 0104391            |
| R860           | 390Ω   | 0104371            |
| Roos           | 4.7kΩ  | 0104472            |
| R009           | 4.7kΩ J  | 0104472            |
| <b>VR</b> 701  | 250k $\Omega$ (M, N) BALANCE   | 1010580            |
| VR702          | ) ZOURZE (MI, 14) BALAITEL   | , , , , ,          |
| VR703          | 250k $\Omega$ (B) $\times$ 2 VOLUME  | 1010580            |
| <b>VR</b> 704  | ) ZSOKZZ (B) × Z VOLOWE  |                    |
| VR705          | 100k $\Omega$ (W)×2 BASS   | 1010840            |
| VR706          | ) 100KZZ (VV) X Z BASS   | 1010040            |
| VR707          | $\left. \begin{array}{c} 100 \mathrm{k}\Omega \end{array} \right. \left( \mathrm{Special} \; \mathrm{B} \right) \times 2  \mathrm{TREBLE} \end{array}$ | 1010860            |
| <b>VR</b> 708  | ) Tookaz (opocial b) × 2 Tikebez   | 1010000            |
| C501           | 0.047 μF) 1.10 g/ 50 y 66  | 0660473            |
| C502           | $0.047 \mu F$ $\pm 10\%$ 50V CC.   | 0660473            |
| C823           | 0.1 µF) 1.108/ 100V OC   | 0590108            |
| C824           | $\left(\begin{array}{c} 0.1  \mu \text{F} \\ 0.1  \mu \text{F} \end{array}\right)  \pm 10\%   400 \text{V}      \text{OC}.$                            | 0590108            |
| C001           | $0.022 \mu F$ $\pm 20\% 250V$ MPC.   | 0605227            |
| C002           | 0.0047 μF = 20% 250V MPC.  | 0605476            |
| C004           | 6800 μF) 50V EC.   | 0559321            |
| C005           | 6800 μF 50V EC.  | 0559321            |
| C008           | 2200 <i>μ</i> F 63V EC.  | 0559505            |
| C014           | 1000μF 50V EC.   | 0559302            |
| TR813          | 1  | 0308301, 2         |
| TR814          | 2SD188 (L, M)  | 0308301, 2         |
| TR815          | <u></u>  | 0300231, 2         |
| TR816          | 2SA627 (L, M)  | 0300231, 2         |
|                | Power Transistor Socket  | 2030020            |
| D001           | 5B2  | 0310660            |
| L801           |  | 4290221            |
| L802           | Stabilized Coil for High Frequency Range   | 4390221            |
| Sı             | SELECTOR   | 1103490            |
| S <sub>2</sub> | TAPE MONITOR   | 1170300            |
| S2<br>S3       | 4-CH ADAPTOR   | 1170300            |
| 53<br>\$7      | HIGH FILTER  | 1170300            |
|                | I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I  | 1170270            |

| W            | ×   | Y       |
|--------------|---|---------|
| S8           | LOW FILTER  | 1170270 |
| S9           | POWER/SPEAKERS                                      | 1101420 |
| J801         | Headphone Jack                                      | 2430220 |
| J601         | DIN Socket  | 2430040 |
| <b>T</b> 001 | Power Transformer                                   | 4001171 |
| CO001        | AC Outlet (UNSWITCHED)                              | 2450040 |
| CO002        | AC CONTENT (SYMITCHED)                              | 2450040 |
| CO003        | AC Outlet (SWITCHED)                                | 2450040 |
| F001         | Power Fuse (3A)                                     | 0431262 |
|              | Power Fuse Holder                                   | 2300060 |
| F002         | + Power Supply, Left Ch.)                           | 0433262 |
| F003         | + Power Supply, Left Ch. Quick Acting               | 0433262 |
| F004         | - Power Supply, Right Ch. Fuse (3A)                 | 0433262 |
| F005         | - Power Supply, Right Ch.                           | 0433262 |
| <b>F</b> 01  | 1A)   | 0432830 |
| <b>F</b> 02  | 1A Wired-in Fuse                                    | 0432830 |
| F03          | 3A J  | 0432870 |
|              | Printed Circuit Board For Wired-in Fuse<br>(F-1456) | 2598120 |
| PL001        | Power Indicator (6.3V 250mA)                        | 0400090 |
|              | Power Indicator Socket                              | 2320080 |
| PU001        | Voltage Selector Plug                               | 2410090 |
|              | Socket  | 2410080 |

